

PRODUCT NAME: #1600 - QUICK DRY ENAMEL - WHITE HMIS CODES: H C F R PRODUCT CODE: 000000000001600 2 3 0

======== [ SECTION I - MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION ] =========

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: RICHARDS PAINT COMPANY

ADDRESS : 200 PAINT STREET, ROCKLEDGE, FL 32955

EMERGENCY PHONE : 800-424-9300 DATE PRINTED : 6/13/05

INFORMATION PHONE : 321-636-6200 NAME OF PREPARER : RICHARD'S PAINT

======[ SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION ]=======



## STABILITY: Stable HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will Not Occur

## CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Excessive heat, ignition sources, poor ventilation, corrosive atmospheres, excessive aging.

#### INCOMPATIBILITY:

Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing agents.

## HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons

## =========== [ SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA ] ===========

# INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Inhalation: Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irratation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.

## SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Eye contact: Severe irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision.

#### SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Skin contact: Can dry and defat skin causing cracks, irritation and dermititis.

## INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Ingestion: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis. CALL PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY AND HAVE THE NAMES OF ALL INGREDIENTS AVAILABLE.

# HEALTH HAZARDS (Acute and Chronic):

Inhalation: Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches and loss of coordination. Eye contact: Severe irritation, tearing, redness and blurred vision. Skin contact: Can dry and defat skin causing cracks, irritation and demititis. Ingestion: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic overexposure: Liver, kidney, testes, central nervous system and brain damage. EthylBenzene: - IARC has determined that there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of ethylbenzene in humans. IARC has determined that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of ethylbenzene in experimental animals.

## \*\*\* CARCINOGENICITY \*\*

NTP CARCINOGEN: Yes IARC MONOGRAPHS: Yes OSHA REGULATED: Yes

## MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Dermatitis, respiratory tract irratation.

## EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Inhalation overexposure: Move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stoppe give arti2s 51thoroughlytion, soape artith 1. Remhalagive mdachumaclominisicu000000 702Do noatinduerenal irri0000n of w99Mities



WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:
Consult local, state and federal hazardous waste regulations before disposing into approved hazardous waste landfills. Obey relevant laws. \*\* DO NOT INCINERATE CLOSED CONTAINERS \*\*

# PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

Use in well ventilated areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep away from excessive heat and open flames.

## OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

Smoking in area where material is used should be strictly prohibited.

========= [ SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES ] ==========

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:
Use in well ventilated area. If ventilation is inadequate, use of an OSHA approved respirator(negative pressure type) i recommended. If workplace overexposure limit is exceeded NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised.

**VENTILATION:**